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(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date  
17 March 2005 (17.03.2005)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number  
**WO 2005/023803 A1**

(51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: C07D 417/12, (74) Agents: ANAND, Pravin et al.; Anand And Anand Advocates, B-41 Nizamuddin East, 110013 New Delhi (IN).

(21) International Application Number:  
PCT/IN2003/000306

(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(22) International Filing Date:  
10 September 2003 (10.09.2003)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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Declaration under Rule 4.17:

— *of inventorship (Rule 4.17(iv)) for US only*

Published:

— *with international search report*

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

WO 2005/023803 A1

(54) Title: PHOSPHORIC ACID SALT OF 5-[4-[2-(METHYL-2-PYRIDINYLAMINO) ETHOXY] PHENYL] METHYL- 2,4-THIAZOLIDINEDIONE

(57) Abstract: Phosphoric acid salt of 5-[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione is novel and exhibits blood sugar-lowering activity in mammals and is of value as a prophylactic and/or therapeutic agent for prevention and/or treatment of diabetes.

**PHOSPHORIC ACID SALT OF 5-[[4-[2-(METHYL-2-PYRIDINYLAMINO) ETHOXY] PHENYL] METHYL]- 2,4-THIAZOLIDINEDIONE**

**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

10 The present invention relates to a novel compound and to a process for preparing the novel compound, to a pharmaceutical composition containing the novel compound and to the prophylactic and/or therapeutic use of the novel compound and composition.

15 **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

US 5,002,953 discloses 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione. The compound exhibits blood-glucose and blood-lipid lowering action with lower toxicity, and may be safely administered, orally or parenterally, as it is or advantageously as a pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of the compound or its pharmacologically acceptable salt and a pharmacologically acceptable carrier, excipient or diluent therefor, in the form of powder, granule, tablet, hard capsule, soft capsule, dry syrup, suppository, injection or the like.

US 5,741,803 discloses maleic acid salt of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione is currently marketed for treatment of Type II diabetes.

30 The present invention discloses a novel salt of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-

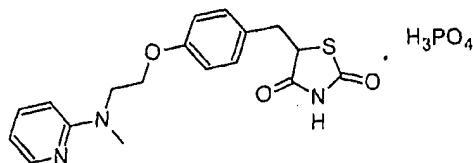
5 thiazolidinedione namely phosphoric acid salt of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-Thiazolidinedione which is useful in the treatment of Type II diabetes. This compound shows good stability in solid form. Also this compound is significantly soluble than the free base as well as the currently

10 marketed maleate salt of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a novel compound, namely, phosphoric acid salt of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione (FORMULA I), to a process for preparing the novel compound, to a pharmaceutical composition containing the novel compound and to the prophylactic and/or therapeutic use of the novel compound and composition.

20



## FORMULA I

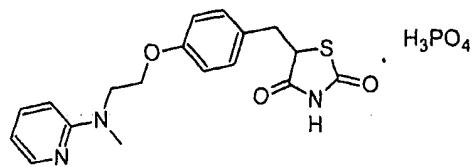
The present invention provides a compound of formula I or a tautomeric form thereof, for use in the treatment of and/or prophylaxis of hyperglycemia.

25

The stability and water solubility of this compound provides significant advantages for formulation and bulk handling and enhances bioavailability.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

5 Accordingly, the present invention provides a novel compound of formula I



FORMULA I

or a tautomer thereof.

10 The compound of formula I is a phosphoric acid salt of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione.

As stated the compound of the invention is significantly more soluble in water than the corresponding free base or currently marketed maleate salt. A convenient method for determining the stability of the compounds of the invention in aqueous solution involves determining the degree of precipitation of the parent free base from an aqueous solution of the test compound at known conditions of temperature and over known periods of time. We 15 have found that the compound of formula I show good stability in aqueous conditions.

The currently marketed maleate salt of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione is practically insoluble in water above pH 2.3 (The Merck Index 20 Online, 2003). The compound of present invention is significantly soluble in water. This has considerable pharmacokinetic advantage.

The quantitative analysis of the test may be carried out using conventional methods e.g. HPLC.

5 As mentioned above the compound of the invention is indicated as having useful therapeutic properties.

The present invention accordingly provides a compound of formula I, and/or a tautomeric form, for use as an active therapeutic substance.

10 Thus the present invention provides a compound of formula I, or a tautomeric form thereof, for use in the treatment of and/or prophylaxis of hyperglycemia.

15 Accordingly, the present invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula I, or a tautomeric form thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier therefor.

20 Usually the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention will be adapted for oral administration, although compositions for administration by other routes, such as by injection and percutaneous absorption are also envisaged.

Particularly suitable compositions for oral administration are unit dosage forms such as tablets and capsules. Other fixed unit dosage forms, such as powders presented in sachets, may also be used.

25 The present invention further provides a method for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hyperglycemia in a human or non-human mammal, which comprises administering an effective, non-toxic, amount of a compound of formula I, or a tautomeric form thereof, to a hyperglycemic human or non-human mammal in need thereof.

5        The reaction between 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione and a source of phosphoric acid counter-ion is generally carried out under conventional salt forming conditions, for example by admixing 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione and the source of counter-ion, phosphoric acid, in approximately equimolar amounts but preferably using an excess of the source of counter-ion, phosphoric acid, in a solvent, generally a C1-4 alkanolic solvent such as methanol, ethanol, or other aprotic solvents like acetonitrile, at any temperature which provides a suitable rate of formation of the required product, generally at an elevated temperature and thereafter isolating the product.

10      The following Example illustrates the invention but does not limit it in any way.

15      **EXAMPLES**

20      **Example 1**

25      A suspension of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione (5 g, 0.014 mol) in methanol (50 ml) was heated to 50-60°C and a solution of phosphoric acid (85%, 1.65 g) in methanol (10 ml) was added. After stirring for 5 hours at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated to about 10 ml and acetone (50 ml) was added.

30      Filtration of the mixture afforded title compound.

20      **Example 2**

35      A suspension of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione (100 g, 0.28 mol) in

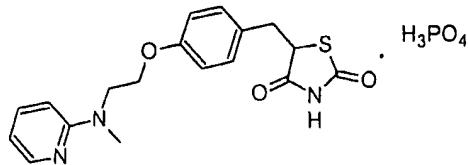
5 isopropyl alcohol (500 ml) was heated to 50-60°C and a solution of phosphoric acid (85%, 6.6 g) in isopropyl alcohol (50 ml) was added. After stirring for 4 hours at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated to about 100 ml and acetone (250 ml) was added. Filtration of the mixture afforded title  
10 compound.

### Example 3

A suspension of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy]phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione (100 g, 0.28 mol) in acetonitrile (500 ml) was heated to 50-60°C and a solution of phosphoric acid (85%, 6.6 g) in acetonitrile (50 ml) was added.  
15 After stirring for 8 hours at the same temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated to about 100 ml and acetone (250 ml) was added. Filtration of the mixture afforded title compound.

5 We claim

1. A compound of formula I



FORMULA I

or tautomeric form thereof.

10 2. A compound according to claim 1, which is phosphoric acid salt of 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione.

15 3. A process for the preparation of compound I of claim 1, comprising contacting the 5-[[4-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethoxy] phenyl] methyl]- 2,4-thiazolidinedione with phosphoric acid.

4. A process as in claim 3, wherein the reaction is carried out in a solvent selected from water miscible solvent or water immiscible solvent.

20 5. A process as in claim 4, wherein the solvent is water miscible.

6. A process as in claim 5, wherein the solvent is a linear or branched alkanol or acetonitrile.

7. A process as in claim 6, wherein the alkanol is selected from methanol, ethanol or isopropyl alcohol.

25 8. A process as in claim 3, wherein the reaction is carried out at a temperature between 25-100°C.

9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a prophylactically and/or therapeutically effective amount of the compound of claim 1.

5      10. A method of prevention and/or treatment of hyperglycemia comprising administering effective amount of compound of claim 1.

11. Use of compound of claim 1 as ingredient in the manufacture of medicament for use in the prevention and/or treatment of hyperglycemia.

10

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/IN03/00306

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

Int. Cl. 7: C07D 417/12; A61K 31/4439; A61P 3/10

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)  
STN: File Registry: Molecular formula search based on compounds of Formula I; Espacenet: Keyword: Rosiglitazone

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X Y	US 5002953 A (HINDLEY) 26 March 1991 See especially Column 4 lines 18-31, Example 30	1-11
X Y	US 5741803 A (POOL et al) 21 April 1998 See especially Column 1 lines 64-67, Column 4 lines 5-15	1-11
Y	Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Twentieth Edition, 2000, Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and Science, pages 703-704 See especially Table 38-2, page 704	1-11

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C

See patent family annex

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"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

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Date of the actual completion of the international search  
4 December 2003

Date of mailing of the international search report

12 DEC 2003

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/IN03/00306

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages <i>(Remove spaces when completed if the page is too long)</i>	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 02/051823 A (VYAS) 4 July 2002	
A	WO 03/045947 A (SMITHKLINE BEECHAM P.L.C) 5 June 2003	

**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

International application No.  
PCT/IN03/00306

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report				Patent Family Member			
				(To put a line under the citations tab to the first point on the next row and press F8)			
US	5002953	AU	21738/88	DE	3856378	EP	306228
		EP	842925				
US	5741803	AU	49730/93	CA	2143849	DE	69325658
		EP	658161	EP	960883	WO	94/05659
WO	02/051823	US	6515132				
WO	03/045947						

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